FOR EDISTO AND ROCKVILLE

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## TELEGRAPHIC

Our Cable Dispatches. LONDON, April 17—Ncon.—Consols 91. Bonds 713, ex dividend. LIVERPOOL, April 17-Noon. -Sales 7000 bales. LIVERPOOL, April 17—Rounds 124.
LIVERPOOL, April 17—2 P. M.—Since the opening Cotton is very heavy, and prices have declined id. Middling Uplands are now quoted at 11 id. Frankfort, April 17.—Bonds 763.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, April 17 .- The Senate has confirmed Chas. D. Manning as Collector of the Customs for Albernarle, North Carolina. Among the documents sent to the Senate to-day, Among the documents sent to the senate to-tay, was one from the President in reply to a resolu-tion, showing that none of the heads of the De-partments as charged, had given any construc-tion to the Tenure of Office Act. The Solicitor of tion to the Tenure of Office Act. The Solicitor of the Treasury, however, in reply to an inquiry from the Secretary, expressed himself to the effect that the Chief Deputies of Custom Houses could be removed in order to procure suitable persons to discharge the duties of Collectors of Customs, in cases of vacancy, until the latter office could be filled in the prescribed mode.

Ex-Governor Bradford was yesterday confirmed Surveyor of the port of Baltimore.

From New York.

New York, April 17.—A special dispatch from Washington says that the appointment of L. V. Bogy, late Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as a general Indian Agent, to make treaties, purchase and ship supplies, etc., will be further investiga-ted by the Senate. Bogy is now in New York making purchases of goods for the Indian service and exercising authority for which it is alleged

there is no right.

The village of Alliance, Ohio, was flooded yesterday by the bursting of a reservoir belonging to the I taburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Rallroad.

Republican Convention at Richmond. RICHMOND, April 17 .- The State Republican Convention met here at noon, at the African Church. George Rice, of Shenandoah, was appointed the orary Chairman. There were two hundred and ten delegates present, of whom fifty were white. Forty-nine Counties were represented di-rectly, and nearly all in the State by proxy. John Hauxharst, of Fairfax, was chosen permanent President. Ten Vice-Presidents were appointed, including Hunnicutt, Louis McKenzie, of Alexandrie, and three colored men. One of the Secreta-ries colored. The white Committee on Orries colored. The white Committee of organization expressed fears that some Democrats had come here to spoil the Convention. Hunnicutt and F. M. Conway, of New York, made inflammatory speeches, the new idea being that the negro should demand higher pay, at least \$40 permonth. The Convention adjourned until to-mor-

To-night there will be a mass meeting in Capitol Square. The sitizens do not take much notice of the presence of the Convention, and there is no bad feeling.

Conservative Convention in Tennessee. NASHVILLE, April 17.—The Conservative State Convention yesterday nominated Mr. Etheridge for Governor.

News from the Leeves. New Orleans, April 17.—Information is received that Fignes and Waterloo leeves are in imminent danger. Labor cannot be obtained owing to a want of money. There is much suffering in the overflown districts of Louisiana.

Wool Dealers' Association. CLEVELAND, Onio, April 17 .- The Wool Dealers' Association met here to-day. The clip of last year is stated to be 75 000,000 of pounds, the aver-age price of which is 55c.

Marine Intelligence. PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—Arrived, the steamer J. W. Everman, from Charleston.

New York, April 17.—The Great Eastern passed down the harbor at 9 A. M. Arrived, the City of Boston, from Liverpool.

> Domestic Markets. NOON DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Stocks active. Virginia sixes 634; Tennessee sixes, new, 62a63. Exchange 60 days 9, at sight 9;a92. Gold 354. There are rumors of failures in the West. Four and Corn firmer. Wheat more steady. Pork heavy. New Mess \$22 60a22 632. Cotton quiet at 272 for Uplands. EVENING DISPATCH.

Cotton easier, sales 1200 bales, at 27½. Flour firmer and active, State \$10 15a13 40, Western \$11 50a14 70. Wheat firmer, white Western \$3 35. Corn firmer and in fair demand, 120,000 bushels of Western sold for \$1 274a1 32. Pork firmer, mixed Western sold for \$1.27\text{size} at \$22.75.

38 600 barrels of new Mess sold at \$22.75.

Whiskey quiet. Western 30. Freights drooping.

Money rather more active. Call loans 6a7 per cent
on stock collaterals. Gold closed quiet at 135\text{size} at 135\text{size} at 135\text{size} at 135\text{size} at 135\text{size}.

Bankers bills 9a9\text{size} dovernments steady except
for old \$5, which were \text{size} lower.

CINCINATI, April 17.—Flour firm and unchanged; trade brands \$16, fancy \$18. Some mills have stopped for want of wheat, others running at half time. Corn steady at 77c. in bulk, and 87c. in sacks. Mess Pork dull and in little demand. Bulk Meats dull and drooping. Bacon—Small sales of Scoulders at 9c., Sides 11c. AUGUSTA, April 17.—Cotton dull and declining. Sales 155 bales. Middlings, 25c. Receipts 1005.

SAVANNAH, April 17.—Cotton flat. Sales 109 bales. Middlings, 25a25 c. Receipts 350 bales. MOBILE, April 17.—Cotton sales 300 bales. Middlings, 25c. Receipts 336 bales.

dlings, 25c. Recripts 336 bales.

New Orleans, April 17.—Sales 2,300 bales, unsettled low middlings 25;a26c; receipts 1,677 bales; exports 9,362. Sugar and molasses unchanged and nothing doing. Flour quiet but firm and unchanged. Corn dull and drooping but unchanged. Oats dull. Bacon dull and lower. Shoulders 9; Ribbed Sides 11;a11; Clear Sides 13a13; Pork dull and unsettled; no sales. Lard steady and in fair demand at 13;a14c. Whiskey, only a local business at \$2.10a\$2.30 for Western. Gold 35; Sterling 45a47; New York, Sight exchange ; per cent premium.

THE FLORIDA AND CUBA TELEGRAPH.—The early completion of this work seems to be not improbable from the energy already displayed by the contractors. The Fernandina Courier of the 17th

The steamer Sylvan Shore brought to this port from Savannah last week, from fifty to a hundred coils of telegraph wire for the Florida and Cuba (International) Telegraph Company, to be put up between Lake City and Punta Rosa at the mouth of the Caloosahatchie River. The whole line, including the submarine cable from Havana to the Florida coast, will probably be in operation by the first of June next, as all the material has been shipped from New York and a large force of men shipped from New York, and a large force of men is employed pushing the work on at various points. Success to the enterprise.

State Items.

MURDER.-It is with deep regret that we learn MURDER.—It is with deep regret that we learn of a murder having been committed on last Monday afternoon, about three miles south of this village, under the following circumstances, as we heard them from the wife of the deceased, who was present A man, who calls himself Butler, stopped a few minutes in front of Mr. W. J. Baker's residence, when Gabe Braddy came up with a gun under his arm to protect it from rain. Butler told Braddy to put down his gun, who did so, whereupon Butler drew a pistol and shot him through the head, causing death in a short time. The Sheriff having learned the facts of the case, with his usual promptness, in such cases, sent a with his usual promptness, in such cases, sent a posse after Butler, who; we presume, will be arrested. It may be proper for us to add, that we have only heard the tale exparte.—Marion Crescent.

A mass meeting of freedmen was held at Florence on last Monday night. But few white citizens were present, as the notice was not made generally public. The meeting was called by the Roy. B. F. Whittemore, Superintendent of Education, for the materials of instructions the colored people as to purpose of instructing the colored people as to their political status and to counsel them how to vote at the proper time. Among the other remarks make by the speaker was that "No man could entertain Democratic principles and be a good Union man." The meeting lasted until 11 o'clock P. M. and broke up amid the cheers of the excited darkies and the rapid firing of guns.

A CAUTION.—We learn that several letters, containing money and money drafts, have been rifled of their contents lately between here and Charleston. Our citizens would do well to enclose in leters through the mail only drafts payable to some one's order in the city, and have this arent well understood at the other end of the line before forwarding .- Carolina Times.

COURT WEEK.—The Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions was opened on Monday morning last; His Honor Judge Moses presiding. Upon taking his seat after the recess at noon, his Honor announced to the Bar and Jury that he had seen the order of Gen. Sickles since the adjournment of the Court, and he felt bound to obey it. He would, therefore, revoke all decrees he had already given, and would not hear those causes arising between

the prohibited dates. A great deal of dissatisfaction was expressed by A great deal of dissatistation was expressed by many on account of the distinction made by the order, between debts arising before and after the war, and those contracted during, whereby judgment can be obtained on the former class at this Court, but not upon the latter. We can perceive no good reason for this distinction, as the only good to result from an interposition of this kind would be in its application to all debts. As it stands, a certain number of these suits are allowed the ad-

yantage of an earlier judgment.-Ibid. FOUND DEAD .- We learn that the Coroner's Jury sat upon the body of a negro, on Monday morning, which was found lying in the tield near Col. Barton's residence. It had been there for some time, and no clue to its identity has been obtained. Information of the disappearance of any person of color from the neighboring plantations, will be given to the public if furnished us.—Ibid.

THE POPE.—On the 15th ultimo the house of Rothschild paid to the French Government 14, 000,000 francs for transmission to the Pope, on account of the proportion of debt assumed by the Italian kingdom for the annexed Pontifical provinces. A previous payment of 6,000,000 francs was advanced to the Holy Father by Napoleon, making the whole sum received 20,000,000 francs.

COLORED SCHOOLS IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

From a report just presented to Gen. R. K. Scorr, Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau for South Carolina, and kindly furnished us by Mr. REUBEN TOMERSON, Superintendent of Education for this State, we gather the following interesting statistics, showing what has been done by the Bureau, assisted by benevolent societies in the North, toward the education of the freedmen of South Carolina. The report gives the condition of the schools, number of scholars, etc., up to March 31,

Number of day schools 77; night schools 3; schools sustained in part by freedmen 25; buildings furnished by the Bureau 16. Number of teachers 144; white teachers 100; colored 44. Number of pupils enrolled 8451; boys 3915, girls 4536. Pupils enrolled at last report 8252. Left school during March 743. New pupils during March 942. Aveorage attendance 6231. Number of white pupils Number always present 3827. Punctual 3822. Number over sixteen years of age 956. Number in the Alphabet 1827. Number of those who spell and read easy lessons 3025; who read in advanced Readers 3599; in Geography 1701; Arithmetic 5142;

in the higher branches 333; in Writing 4936; in needle work 310. Number of those scholars who were free before the war 500. Number of Sunday schools 55. Pupils in Sunday Schools 3549. The teachers in these Schools are supported as

By the American Missionary Association.

By the U. S. Direct Tax Commissioners.

By the Old School Presbytery, (Pittsburg, Pa.).

By the Pennsylvania Branch F. U. Commission.

By the Friends' Association, (Philadolphia).

The report then proceeds to say: "Some of the Schools reported in February failed to send forward reports for March, which accounts for an apparent falling off in the attendance. The attendance has actually increased, though the average is not quite so high. In many localities the children can only give a few days of each week to

the school, as their services are needed either in the field, or about the house while their parents are in the field.
"The demand for educational facilities increase and becomes more imperative every day; and it has occurred to me that possibly an official appeal to the people of the North from the Major-General, the Commissioner of the Bureau, in behalf of the various associations engaged in this educational work, might be productive of much good.

"I make this suggestion with some hesitation, and only because I am painfully impressed with the immense amount of work to be done, and the

the immense amount of work to be done, and the inadequacy of the means at our disposal for the accomplishment of that work.

"An official appeal to the public from the commission of the Bureau might secure attention and aid, where other means have failed.

"The schools established are in very successful operation, and their influence for good cannot be overrated."

(Signed) REUBEN TOMLINSON, (Signed)

Superintendent of Education. At three o'clock this afternoon, a public examination of the "Saxion School," held in Military Hall, will take place in the Wentworth street Methodist Church, a house of worship purchased last year for the use of the colored people. While on this subject, we will give a few figures

from the Report of Rev. J. W. ALVORD, Superintendent of Schools under the Freedmen's Bureau, for the six months ending December, 1866. The whole number of schools officially reported during that period, in all the Southern States, was 1,207, with 1,406 teachers and 75,456 pupils. If all the schools had been reported, the number of pupils, would have been nearly 90,000.

FROM EUROPE.

BY STEAMER TO APRIL 2. By the steamship Deutschland, which arrived at New York on Saturday, we have European mails to the 2d inst. The following is a summary of their

Napoleon's negotiations for the acquisition of Luxembourg engaged the attention of the North Linembourg engaged the attention of the North Gorman Parliament. A strong feeling of Union patriotism prevailed. It was recommended that party differences be cast aside for preparations to oppose the approach of the foreigner. Count Piamarck delivered a very able, cautious speech on the subject, in the course of which, without attempting to influence the public mind, he indicated pretty plainly that the Prussian crown would seek to maintain the territorial inviolability of Germany.

Germany.

Luxembourg was dangerously agitated. Reinforcements of Prussian troops had been thrown nto the garrison, and a state of disciplince expectant of invasion was maintained night and day. Placards in support of annexation to France were distributed. The London Times says that the Russian-Amer-

ican cession treaty must be taken as evidence of the existence of an "undefined sympathy" between Russia and the United States, and as proof of the determination of the American people to uphold the Monroe doctrine at all points. the London Times adds, can have her indepen-dence, with liberty to seek her future, at any ime. A French General maintains, in a pamphlet just

printed in Paris, that France can place five separate armies, of one hundred thousand men each, in the field; that her war power is of amazing proportions, and that it would require a European coalition of ten Powers furnishing one hundred housand men each to conquer her.

A Paris letter in the London Times reports one of the first evidences of Napoleon's nome difficulties

thus:

The retirement of Count Walewski from the presidency of the legislative body was announced by himself at the opening of the Chamber. The disagreement between him and certain members of the Cabinet is set forth in a short letter written by him to the Emperor and published in the Moniteur. Personal dissensions, independent of his own will, have led to this step, and his resignation is with a view to restore harmony. The the official nor in any other journal. M. Walewski was in favor of carrying out practically the liberal concessions promised in the imperial letter of January 19, and he did not approve the army organization project as originally proposed; he would not brow beat the minority of the Chamber, and he strong to set with perfect impartiality as and he strove to act with perfect impartiality as its president.

In Paris, although the official prints continue to be studiously silent respecting the Luxembourg question, the feeling was unanimous that the French government stood committed to a step, which while it fails to allay the apprehension and irritation caused by the aggrandizement of Prussia, was almost unanimously regarded as likely to precipitate a European war. It is inferred in London that the £3,000,000 guaranteed four per cent Loan for the Canadian Intercolonial Railway, is not, under any circumstances, likely to be brought out for several months, and the instalments then may be expected to extend

the instalments then may be expected to extend over a considerable period.

The report of the London Bank of Mexico and South America, ready for presentation on the 9th of April, shows an available total of £14,712, after transferring £12,937 "as a further provision for bad and doubtful debts," and recommends a dividend of 10s. per share, making with the previous distribution seven and a half per cent. for the year. This will absorb £10,000, and £1000 is to be written off preliminary expenses, leaving £3712 to written off preliminary expenses, leaving £3712 to be carried forward. The state of affairs at Bogota, New Granada, has been one cause for the large provision required for anticipated losses. From Mexico and Peru the accounts of the business of

the Bank are favorable. the Bank are favorable.

A semi-official denial is given in St. Petersburg to a rumor that differences had arisen between France and Russia which had prevented those Powers from addressing a collective note to tuc Porte counselling the cession of Candia to Groece. The Paris papers publish intelligence from Constantinople which states that the negotiations between Egypt and the Porte relative to the demands of the Vicerov were progressing favorably, and of the Viceroy were progressing favorably, and that they would shortly be concluded.

In Ireland the Dungarvan flying column came upon some armed Fenians near Mitchelstown, April 1. Refusing to surrender, one was mortally recorded and two contracts.

vounded and two captured.

The Vienna Evening Post publishes a statement of reforms to be carried out, and of which the object will be to separate the political administration of justice, with a view to effect a reduction of expenditure in the public service of Austria. The new Cortes of Spain assembled in Madrid March 30th for the first time, when Marshal Narvaez read

forced to allow that province to become an inde-pendent State. The Emir has returned to Bok-

The latest mail advices from Au tralia state that the discussion upon the tariff question had been renewed in the the Victoria Parliament, Addinonal taxes had been imposed, which created great excitement in the colony.

i oliceman Killed.—Levi Hickson, a native of Edgefield District, S. C., and one of the city police, was killed Monday night under the following circumstances: He was in the neighborhood of the Court House, when he found the night growing cool, determined to go home for his overcost. Having secured that, he was returning when he met the through train at the junction of Twigs and Washington streets, and, standing close up 10 never more promising. We are also much gratified to find the fruit crop "yet in the land of the

ARTIFICIAL LEGS. Our disabled ez-Confederates will read the fol-

lowing circular of Governor Can with interest: TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS STATE WHO HAVE LOST THEIR LEGS DURIN; THE RECENT WAR.

For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to provide Articial Legs for all citizens of the State who have ost their legs during the recent war," approved becember 20th, 1866, I caused a notice to be published to all manufacturers of artificial limbs to exhibit their specimens in the city of Columbia on the fourth Monday in March, and appointed a Board of Surgeons, composed of Doctors A. N. Talloy, Robert W. Gibbes and B. W. Taylor, to examine the various specimens submitted.

examme the various specimens submitted.

They unanimously recommend the "Army and Navy Leg" of Dr. Bly, and his "Anatomical Leg," as combining more advantages than any others exhibited; and I, therefore, concluded a contract with Dr. Bly, to furnish the citizens of this State with the "Army and Navy Leg," at the price of \$74.65 cach, which amount is to be paid by the

The cost of Dr. Bly's anatomical ball and socke The cost of Dr. Big's anatomical baland society-jointed leg precluded me from contracting for it, because the sum appropriated by the Legislature was insufficient to have furnished that leg to each citizen; nevertheless, each person who chooses to do so, may, by paying Dr. Bly from his own means, the additional sum of \$75 35, secure this more per-fect limb, the cost of which is \$150. His office will b) located in Charleston, and but one trip is necessary to be made there for the pur-

one and is necessary to be made there for the purpose of having the limb properly adjusted to the stump. Before its dolivery each leg will be inspected by a competent person.

To procure a leg, the following rules have been adopted: 1. No person other than a citizen of this State is

entitled, under the Act of the Legislature, to receive an artificial leg. 2. The person applying must appear before the Clerk of the Court for the District in which he resides and satisfy that officer that he is a citizen, that he lost his leg during the recent war, and is embraced within the provisions of the Act of the Assembly aforesaid. The Clerk will thereupon give such a person an original and duplicate certificate, under the seal of the Court, certifying that the party is entitled to receive a leg.
3. The Clerks of the Courts have had forwarded to them blank forms for measuring the stump. Each citizen will procure two of these on obtaining his certificates. After carefully making the meas-

urements, as directed in the form, he will enclose the original certificate and measurement to Dr. Douglass Bly, Charleston. S. C. The-duplicate certificate he will retain in his possession, until he receives notice that his personal presence is required, at Dr. Bly's office, for the purpose of adjusting the leg to the stump. Upon exhibiting this certificate to the conductors of the several railroads of the State, they will doubtless give him free transportation, going and returning, one time, the Legislature having in the Act re-quested the Railroad Companies to furnish transportation free of cost, and each conductor will make such endorsement upon the certificate as will prevent it from being fraudulently used again by the same or any other person. Dr. Bly will notify persons at what time it will

be necessary for them to attend at his off Charleston for the purpose of fitting the leg to the As two hundred and fifty or more artificial limbs are to be supplied, considerable time will be neces-sarily consumed in their manufacture, and you are requested to practice patience in what may seem to you an unreasonable delay in procuring Dr. Bly advises that, unless some press

emergency exists, the new leg should not be fitted to the stump during the warm season, and that the patient himself will be most likely to obtain a satisfactory result by awaiting the return of cool weather.
The Clerks of the Court will be entitled charge their fees for their official certificate, but it is presumed that they will, under the circum-stances, cheerfully render the service gratuitously. JAMES L. ORR,

Governor of South Carolina.

Political Affairs in Virginia. Under this head the New York Times has the ollowing paragraph from a correspondent Party lines are being rapidly drawn in Virginia Hunnicutt is the acknowledged leader of an ex-treme confiscation party. Governor Pierpoint rep-resents the supporters of the Congressional policy, whose numbers include a majority of the origin whose numbers include a majority of the original Union men, and a third party exists with Robert Onld and Judge Crump as representative men, who will join forces with the Mississippi and Georgia injunction petitioners. The great struggle is between the Hunnicutt and Perpoint factions, both of which are trying to get control of the organizing Conventions, with the chances in favor of the latter. It is probable that, if he will accept it Georges Peirsonit will receive a renomination. it, Governor Peirpoint will receive a renomination. The Ould-Crump combination, consisting in the rath part of discontented grumbiers, will proba-

bly not make any nomination. A Richmond correspondent of the New York World writes as follows: General Schofield has informed a member of the Virginia House of Delegates that the disqualifica-tion to vote or hold office does not apply under the reconstruction bill to persons who were forced into the repel service by conscription, notwith-standing that they had taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and served in any of the capacities enumerated in the pre-scribed form of oath. This will reduce the number of persons disqualified to vote or hold office to a very small margin. The disqualification will be confined altogether to those who volunteered in the early part of the war, few of whom are now living. The survivors are principally of the con-script class save perhaps a few officers who held ranks from the beginning, and obtained their com-

nissions by appointment.
The advantages thus secured will be more than counterbalanced by the active efforts of the Radi-cals to secure the negro vote, and the utter in-difference so far manifested by the conservatives with regard to it. It is conceded now, by men who have a good opportunity of forming an estimate, that Petersburg will go for the Radicals by a majority of 600, and Richmond by a majority of 1500. These results must of course be attribu to the supineness of the Conservatives, for otherwise they could not occur in view of the large preponderance of white voters in both cities.

General Grant. The New York Tribune, in a late article upon the resignation of General Rosecrans, part of which we copy below, makes some rather damaging alluions to General Grant, impeaching alike his vigor as a commander and his generosity and fairness as a man, and quietly but pretty commanly indicating that the cause is to be further heard before the judgment of history is to be pronounced upon his merits, even as a commander.

merits, even as a commander.

It was less than sixty days after the stack upon Fort Sumter, whon he did us his first great service in Western Virginia by compelling the surrender of Pegram at Rich Mountain. The planning and the fighting were both exclusively historian the reward was given to McClellan. After the Great Delayer had been transferred to the Potomac, Rosscrans fought the battle of Carnifex Ferry, drove Wise, Floyd and Lee across the mountains, finished the campaign with brilliant rapidity, and when there was hardly a rebel picket left on this side of the Alleghany mountains, was relieved, for no fault of his own, that a mountain defor no fault of his own, that a mountain department might be created for Gen. Frement. He fought and won the battle of Iuka in September, 1862, while his superior officer, Gen. Grant, was lying inactive with his troops four miles from the field of conflict, and although for this engagemen he was made a Major-General of volunteers, there sprang out of it a misunderstanding with Gen. frant which has had much to do with the marring of all Rosecrans's subsequent career. The next month, at Corinth, he beat Van Dorn and Price, with but little more than half as many men as his adversaries, gaining the most important victory of the war up to that time. Recalled from the pur-sut, greatly against his own judgment, by Gen. Grant, he was relieved of his command nine days

after the battle and ordered to Cincinnati. Two months after his appointment, October 30th, to the command of the Fourteenth Corps at Bowling Green, Ky., he had converted a demoralized rabble into a magnificent army, and led it across the Cumberland. The four days' battle of Stone river was won not more by the intrepidity of the soldiers than by the personal valor and skill of Researchs himself and was a magnificent unclude. Rosecrans himself, and was a magnificent prolude to the brilliant campaign of the summer of 1863, by which he drove Bragg's army out of Middle Ten-nessee, and across the Tennessee river. The battle of Chicamanga in Soptember, was a bloody en-counter, in which both sides were too badly crip-led to continue the fray: but it secured us in the pled to continue the fray; but it secured us in the possession of Chattanooga, the objective point of the campaign and the key of all the country south of the Cumberland mountains. Nevertheless. Rosecrans was again relieved of his command, and for several months was allowed to remain in ob-scurity. Then he was sent to Missouri, where, besides doing efficient military service, he discovered the sceret conspiracy of the Knights of the Golden Circle. Yet he was once more removed, and ha

a royal decree, declaring the session to be roughly a royal decree, declaring the session to be roughly a royal decree, declaring the session to be roughly a royal decree, declaring the session to be roughly a royal decree, declaring the session to be roughly a royal decree, declaring the session to be roughly a royal decree, declaring the session to be roughly a royal decree, declaring the session to be roughly a royal decree, declaring the session to be roughly as a point of 211 votes. A committee was appointed to draw up a bill of indemnity for the Government.

The king and Queen of Portugal wil not proceed to Madrid until after Easter, in accordance with a wish expressed by the Queen of Spain.

The King and Queen of Portugal wil not proceed to Madrid until after Easter, in accordance with a wish expressed by the Queen of Spain.

The King and Queen of Portugal wil not proceed to Madrid until after Easter, in accordance with a wish expressed by the Queen of Spain.

The Secretary of War has ordered the Paymaster General to disburse the amount of \$500,000, which was appropriated by the joint resolution of Congress, approved March 30, 1867, under such rules as might be prescribed. The Paymaster General has therefore issued a circular regulating the disbursements for expenses incurred under the reconstant of the paymaster of the District I, Headquarters, Richmond, Va., T. H. Stanton, paymaster: District II, Columbia, S. C., J. W. Nichols, paymaster. III, Atlanta, Ga., E. D.

Jude, paymaster; IV, Vicksburg, Miss., P. P. G. Hall, paymaster; V. New Oricans, La., Nicholas Vedder, paymaster. The Sander wille Georgian, of the 10th instant,

and Washington streets, and, standing close up 10 the warehouse, waiting for the train to pass, ac was struck by the sleeping car and crushed to death. He was quite a young man, being about twenty-three, and bore a very good reputation.—

Chronicle and Sentinel.

There is a sufficient quantity vet upon the trees to meet every demand against this most excellent crop. We hope the cold weather is done; it so, the wheat and fruit yield will go far toward relieving our necessitous people.



ONE PRICE

OUR SPRING STOCK IS NOW ready, and comprises a better assort-

CLOTHING

Adapted to this market, than we have ever offered. We have given particular attention in getting up this Stock to lightness of fabric, strength of material and durability of color. Much the larger portion of our Stock is made in our own workshop, and we warrant it in eyery respect equal to custom work. We have Goods not of our own manufacture, such as are usually sold ready-made, the difference we shall be glad to show our customers.

In fixing our prices, from which we make no deviation, we have taken into consideration the depressed state of the market, and the universal desire to buy goods cheap.

We give below some of our lead-

CHECK CASSIMERE SUITS\$8 00
ALL WOOL TWEED SUITS11 00
ALL WOOL TWEED SUITS
BLACK AND WHITE MIX CASSIMERE
SUITS, our own make
THREE STYLES OF MIDDLESEX CASSI-
MERE SUITS, DARK, MEDIUM, AND
LIGHT MIXTURES18 00
BLACK AND WHITE MIX CASSIMERE
SUITS22 00
SILK MIX TRICOT, DIFFERENT MIX-
TURES
FINE BLACK GERMAN TRICOT SUITS27 00
DARK BROWN GRAIN DE POUDER
SUITS29 00
BLACK DRESS SUITS, ranging in price

In addition to the above, we have many good Styles of LIGHT AND DARK FANCY

CASSIMERES, IN FULL SUITS

And in Pants and Vests.

ALPACA SACKS DRAP DEETE SUITS MARSEILLES VESTS, White and Fancy

BLUE FLANNEL SUITS, of very fine quality

HEAVY WHITE DUCK SUITS, &c., &c.

FURNISHING GOODS. In addition to our usual assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISH-

cular attention to our

ING GOODS, we wish to call parti-

SHIRT DEPARTMENT. We have made arrangements to have our SHIRTS made by our own Pattern, and we think they will compare favorably in style and fit with any Shirt on the market.

THEY COMPRISE FOUR QUAL-ITIES, \$2 50, \$3 00, \$3 50, and

We invite the attention of COUN-TRY MERCHANTS and PLANT-ERS TO OUR STOCK, which we are selling in quantities at very low

MACULLAR, WILLIAMS & PARKER,

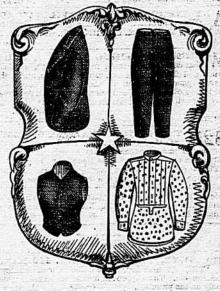
No. 270 KING STREET,

CORNER OF HASEL,

CHARLESTON, S. C. April 11

CHARLESTON

Established in 1830!



No. 219 KING STREET

One door south of Market-st.. HAVE OPENED A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED

FINE, MEDIUM & LOW PRICED SPRING CLOTHING.

TO WHICH THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC IS nvited. The style, workmanship and fit of the Garment

English Melton Cloth! OF DIRECT IMPORTATION, AND MADE UP IN THIS

KEPT ON HAND. THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT

VELL SUPPLIED WITH AN ELEGANT LOT OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES.

COATINGS,

under the care of a first-class French Cutter, who can

The noted STAR BRAND LINEN BOSOM SHIRTS COLLARS, of all styles SCARFS, NECKTIES

FRENCH KID GLOVES, &c., of the newest pat-

All that is asked is an inspection of the Stock, which will be shown with pleasure.

Prices fixed and marked on each

WM. MATTHIESSEN,

B. W. McTureous, Sup't.

/ 1mo

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ST. JAMES, GOOSE CREEK CHURCH. an election for VESTRY and WARDENS will be held at his Church on EASTER MONDAY. WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE

E. M. WHITING, Esq., as a candidate for Sheriff of Charleston (Judicial) District, at the next election. ARTIFICIAL EYES .- ARTIFICIAL HU-MAN EYES made to order and inserted by Drs. F.

BAUCH and P. GOUGLEMANN (formerly employed by Roissonneau, of Paris), No. 590 Broadway, New York. THE PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK. CHARLESTON, S. C., January 28, 1867.—The Board of

Directors have determined to increase the Capital of this Stock can be had on application to tuth H. G. LOPER, Cashier. January 29

THREE MONTHS AFTER DATE APPLI-CATION will be made to the Home Loan and Building Association for renewal of following CERTIFICATES, ost or mislaid :

No. 296, J. P. Brown, Jr., March 9, 1860, 17. No. 170, F. Entelman, February 10, 1860, 10. No. 273, F. Entelman, September 10, 1860, 10. No. 246, O. Farnum, March 31, 1861, 25. No. 71, John C. Walker, February 10, 1860, 20. No. 157, B. H. Brown, February 10, 1860, 10. IN EQUITY-CHARLESTON DISTRICT-

SANDS & CO. VS. ADMINISTRATRIX CAREY.—Pursuant to the decree of Chancellor LESESNE, the creditors of he estate of E. M. CAREY, deceased, are hereby called upon to prove their claims before the undersigned at his Office, Court House, Charleston, on or before the 1st day of May, 1867, or be debarred from the benefit of the decree to be hereafter made in the cause. JAMES TUPPER,

February 18 1amo3 1 Master in Equity. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE .- THIS SPLENDID HAIR DYE is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Dye-harmless, reliable, instanancous. No disappointment. No ridiculous tints. Natural Black or Brown. Remedies the ill effects of Bad Dyes. Invigorates the hair, leaving it soft and beautiful. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. Factory, No. 81 Barcley street, New York. BEWARE OF A COUNTERFEIT.

AT A YOUNG LADY RETURNING TO HER country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the By its use any Lady or Gentlemen can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its ombination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be-clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price \$1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order, by

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists, No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y. The only American Agents for the sale of the same. 17 THE HERALD.

S PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT NEWBERRY C. H., AT \$3 per annum, and, having a large circulation through all the upper and lower Districts of the State, affords great advantages to advertisers.

Rates for advertising very reasonable—for which apply to our Agent, Mr. T. P. SLIDER, at the Mills House.

THOS. F. & R. H. SENDEYER. THOS. F. & R. H. SRENEKER. November 15

ar The Relatives, Priends and Acquain nices of Mr. and Mrs. JAMES WALSH are respectfully nvited to attend the Funeral Services of the latter, at No. 12 John street, at Three o'clock, This Afternoo

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AS CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION. he usual services of Thursday Night in Passion Week

NOTICE.—CONSIGNEES PER BRITISH ark BLANCHE are hereby notified that she has been ed at the expiration of that time will be sent to the Cus

MARKET HALL, APRIL 18th, 1867.-TO MORROW being Good Friday, the Market will be close

WILLIAM KIRKWOOD,

86 NOTICE CONSIGNEES PER AMERI not permitted at the expiration of that time, will be sent to the Custom House stores at their expense and risk. JOHN FRASER & CO.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—CAPTAINS AND PILOTS wishing to anchor their vessels in Ashley River, are requested not to do so anywhere within direct range of the heads of the SAVANNAH RAILROAL WHARVES, on the Charleston and St. Andrew's side of

S. C. TURNER, H. M. Harbor Master's Office, Charleston, February 3, 1866.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR CHEVALIER'S IFE FOR THE HAIR positively restores gray hair to its original color and youthful beauty; imparts life and strength to the weakest hair; stops its falling out at nce; keeps the head clean; is unparalleled as a hair dressing. Sold by all Druggists and fashionable hair fressers, and at my office, No. 1125 Broadway, New SARAH A. CHEVALTER, M. D.

DOWIE & MOISE No. 151 Meeting street, Opposite Charleston Hotel.

AT STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COLLE TON DISTRICT.—By R. ALLAN WILLIS, Esq., Ordinary.—Whereas, Benjamin Stokes, Commissioner in Equity, made suit to me to grant him Letters of Admin. istration of the direlect estate and effects of WHAJAM B. MEEKS: These are, therefore, to cite and adminish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said WILLIAM B. MEEKS, late of Colleton District, that they be and appear before me in the Court of Ordinary

should not be granted. Given under my hand, this 18th day of March, Ann B. ALLAN WILLIS, 

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR

RENEWER has proved itself to be the most perfect pre aration for the hair ever offered to the public. IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL

It will keep the hair from falling out It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lus No person, old or young, should full to use it.

MEDICAL AUTHORITY. B. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietora For sale by all Druggists. Wholesale by

IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY THE FIRST

th1y\*

March 1

SHIPPING. FOR LIVERPOOL.—THE FINE new British Bark SEAMAN, Doyle, Mister; having a portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with dispatch.

SUCCESSORS TO KING AND CASSIDEY,

DOWIE & MOISE,

FOR LIVERPOOL.—THE FINE fist sailing coppered ship MARY OGDEN, W. E. Coldrey, master, is now loading. For ister, 15 tents apply to W. B. SMITH & CO., Nupier's Range.

For freight of re nainder of cargo, apply to April 18. 4 JOHN FRASER & CO.



"DICTATOR," 1000 TONS BURTHEN,

CAPTAIN L. M. COXETTER, WILL LEAVE MIDDLE ATLANTIC WHARF EVELY
FRIDAY NIGHT, at 10 o'clock, for this port:
For Freight or Passage, apply on board, or to office o
J. D. AIKEN & CO., Agents,

OFFICIAL. Headquarters Second Military District,)

GENERAL ORDERS No. 1.] I. IN COMPLIANCE WITH GENERAL ORDERS NO. 10, Headquarters of the Army, March 11th, 1867, the undersigned hereby assumes command of the Second Mili tary District constituted by the Act of Congress, Public No. 68, 2d March, 1867, entitled "An Act for the more efficient government of the rebel States."

II. In the execution of the duty of the Commandin

General to maintain the security of the inhabitants in their persons and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punshed all disturbers of the public peace and criminals the local civil tribunals will be permitted to take jurisdiction of and try offenders, excepting only such cases as may by the order of the Commanding General be refered to a Commission or other military tribunal for trial. III. The civil government now existing in North Carolina and South Carolina is provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States, at any time to abolish, modify, control or supercede the same. Local laws and municipal regulations not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United States, or the proclamations of the President, or with such regulations as are or may be prescribed in the orders of the Commanding General, are hereby declared to be in force; and, in conformity therewith, civil officers are hereby authorized to continue the exercise of their proper functions, and will be respected and obeyed by

the inhabitants. IV. Whenever any Civil Officer, Magistrate or Court neglects or refuses to perform an official act properly required of such tribunal or officer, whereby due and rightful security to person or property shall be denied, he case will be reported by the Post Commander to these Headquarters.

V. Post Commanders will cause to be arrested persons charged with the commission of crimes and offences when the civil authorities fail to arrest and bring such offenders to trial, and will hold the accused in custody for trial by Military Commission, Provost Court or other tribunal organized pursuant to orders from these Headquarters. Arrests by military authority will be reported promptly. The charges preferred will be accompanied by the evidence on which they are founded. VI. The Commanding General, desiring to preserv

tranquility and order by means and agencies most congenial to the people, solicits the zealous and cordial co city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of operation of civil officers in the discharge of their duties a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby contained and the aid of all good citizens in preventing conduc plexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of | tending to disturb the peace; and to the end that occatwonty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon in- sion may seldom arise for the exercise of military auquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly | thority in matters of ordinary civil administration, the told them that she used the CIRCAS-IAN BALM, and Commanding General respectfully and carnestly comconsidered it an invaluable acquisition to any lady's toilet. | mends to the people and authorities of North and South Carolina unreserved obedience to the authority now es tablished, and the diligent, considerate and impartia execution of the laws enacted for their government. VII. All orders heretofore published to the Departme

of the South are hereby continued in force. The following named officers are announced as the staff of the Major General Commanding : Capt. J. W. Clous, 38th U. S. Infantry, Act. Asst. Adjt. Gen. and Aide-de-Camp. Capt. Alexander Moore, 38th U. S. Infantry, Aide-de

Bvt. Maj. J. R. Myrick, 1st Licut. 3d Art., Alde-de-Camp and Act. Judge Advocate. Major James P. Roy, 6th U. S. Inft., Act. Asst. Inspect. Byt. Major General . O. Tyler, Deputy Quartermaste

Gen. U. S. A., Chief Quartermaster. Bvt. Brig. General W. W. Burns, Major and C. S., U. A., Chief Commissary of Subsistence Byt. Lieut. Col. Charles Page, Surg. U. S. A., Med. Di-D. E. SICKLES. ector.

Official: J. W. CLOUS, Aide-de-Camp.

Major General Commanding.

March 25

W. FRAZIER.

CAPT. JOS. F. TORREST, DE JAMES WILL LEAVE ATLANTIC WHARP AS ABOVE,
Shippers will take notice that no goods will be received unless the Freight is prepaid.
For Freight or Passage, apply on board or to.
JNO. & THEO. GETTY,
April 18
1 No. 48% East Bay.

FOR NEW YORK. FARE REDUCED CABIN PASSAGE TEN REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.

ONE OF THE FAVOR Will leave Adger's South Wharf every Saturda

ONE OF THE PAVORITE AND ELE

THE STEAMSHIP

SARAGOSSA. TILL LEAVE ADGER'S WHARF ON SATURDAY BAVENEL & CO.

EW YORK AND CHARLESTON STRAM SHIP LINE. COMPOSED OF THE ELEGANT SIDE WHEEL STEAM SHIPS

FOR NEW YORK.

THE NEW AND POPULAR STRAMSHIP "MANHATTAN" will, leave from Brown & Co.'s South Wharf on Sater-day, the 90th inst, at 516 o'clock P. M. The Manhattan is the only adequated stranger The Strampers of this Line insure FIRST-CLASS, and are provided with ELECANT ACCOMMONMENTALES.

For Freight or Passage, apply to FOR FLORIDA.

VIA SAVANNAH, BRUNEWICH, PT. MARYS FERNANDINA-JACKSONVILLE AND AND THE LANDINGS ON THE ST. JOHN'S RIVER AS FAB AS PALATEA.

GAPTAIN T. J. LOCKWOOD

reight will be received until Co'clock P. H.

Res Freight will be received daily and stoned free of char.
For Freight or Passage apply on board, or, at the
les of JOHN MAHOREY, 32, 48 East Bay
Kovember 18 Above Craig, Tuomay a. De FOR GEORGETOWN.

TOUCHING AT BOUTH ISLAND, WAVEN LY MILLS, AND LANDINGS OF THE WACCAMAW AND BLACK BIVENESS THE PINE STEAMER

WILL LEAVE BOYCE'S WHARP AS ABOYC ON Priday Morning, the 18th iner; at 7 or took a turning, will leave Georgetown on Monday Morney, he 22d inst., at 7 o'clock.

Charleston and Savannah Steam

Packet Line. VIA BEAUFORT AND HILTON HEAD.

and Charleston Wharf, Savannah, every Monday Wednesday, Briday and Saturday mornings, at 7 o'clock The PILOT BOY leaves Charleston every Friday, and Savannah every Saturday. The ELIZA HANOOX leaves Charleston every Wednesday and Saturday, and Savannah every Monday and Eri-The FANNIE leaves Charleston every Mendey, savannah every Wednesday, touching at Binifton gund returning.

ind returning.

Freight received daily and stored free of charge.

Freight to all points except Savannah must be proper.

No Freight received after sunset.

For Freight or Passage, spply to

FERGUSON & HOLMES, Agents,

Charlesun, S. C.

CLAGHORN & CUNINGHAM, Agents,

Savannah, Ga.

N. B.—Through Tickets sold at the Office of the Agen-oy in Charleston to points on the Atlanda and Guil Ram-road, a ud to Fernandina and points on the St. John's River.

RATES REDUCED. CHARLESTON & GEORGETOWN

STEAM PACKET LINE. "WEEKLY." POUCHING AT SOUTH ISLAND, WAVERLY

THE VERY FAST STEAMES PILOT BOY.

WILL LEAVE ACCOMMODATION WHARF EVERY W MONDAY MORNING, at 7 o'clock.
Returning, will leave Georgetown every WEDNESDAY
MORNING, at 7 o'clock. Freight received daily, and stored free of charge.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
FERGUSON & HOLMES,

FOR PALATKA, FLA., FERNANDINA, JACKSONVILLE, AND ALL THE



CAPTAIN LOUIS M. COXETTER

ON AND AFTER THE 26TH OCTOBER, THIS PINE

NEW YORK AND BREMEN STEAMSRIP COMPANY. THE FIRST-CLASS U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIP

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN. taking passengers to Southampton, London, Havre and Bremen, at the following rates, payable in gold or its

Captain W. T. MONELTY. WALLACE & PORTER N. B. All Freights must be prepaid. No Freight re-ceived after sunset. March 22



Friday Night, at 10 o'clock, for the above places.
All freight must be paid here by shippers.
Gangs of 'egroes w'il be then to the above points on
the St. John's Eiver at \$5 cach. Children under ten
years of age free. Horses and Mules at reduced rates,
Ag-Country papers advertising "the DICTATOR" will
please discontinue their notices and send account to the
Agents. For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to the Agency. S:uth Atlantic Whar. January 15

BALTIC, A. G. JONES, Master, Will leave Pier No. 46, N. R., on Saturday, April 20, at

Bremen, at the following rates, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency:

First Cabin, \$110; Second Cabin, \$65; Steerage, \$55.

From Bremen, Southampton and Havre to New York, First Cabin, \$110; Second Cabin, \$75; Steerage, \$43.

EXCURSION TICKETS OUT AND HOME First Cabin, \$210; Second Cabin, \$130; Steerage, \$70.

WESTERN METROPOLID, Capt. WH. WHIR. May 18

For Freight or Passage apply to

ISAAC TAYLOR, President, February 27 ly No 40 Broadway, N. Y.

LANDINGS ON THE ST. JOHN'S RIVER. VIA SAVANNAH, GA.,